Expenditure norms for Central Universities

199. SHRI S.S. AHLUWALIA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether funds provided out of the Exchequer to Central Universities are stipulated to be spent exclusively for academics related activities and purposes;

(b) if not, the details of the other purposes on which the same can also be spent, broadly;

(c) whether Central Universities are also mandated to incur cost related to providing legal assistance to students accused by the State for crimes under Cr. P.C./IPC;

(d) if so, the salient details of the mandate, indicating the details of the authorities at University/Government levels, empowered to grant approval for such expenses; and

(e) the details of instances of Central Universities which incurred such expenses in the past?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI D. PURANDESWARI): (a) and (b) Funds are provided to Central Universities for 'Plan' and 'Non-Plan' activities separately. While 'Plan funds' are earmarked for creating infrastructure, 'Non-Plan' funds are meant for meeting the expenditure on salaries, retirement benefits and non-salary expenses like maintenance, repairs, teaching aids, laboratory consumables etc. In addition, Central Universities also generate internal resources by way of tuition fee etc.

(c) and (d) Central Universities are empowered under their respective Acts/Statutes/ Ordinances to incur expenditure on all budgeted activities including on Students' Welfare as approved by their competent statutory bodies.

(e) According to the information furnished by Jamia Millia Islamia, some students, who had been charged under certain Sections of Cr.P.C., I.P.C. and Prevention of Damage of Public Property Act in the year 2000, were provided legal assistance on behalf of the University from Students' Welfare Fund, following approval in this behalf accorded by the then Vice Chancellor of the University. Pursuant to an application moved by the State, the relevant cases were withdrawn and the students involved were discharged *vide* judgment dated 1st December, 2000 of the competent Court.

New Indian Institutes of Technology

200. SHRI S.S. AHLUWALIA: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether several new Indian Institutes of Technology (IITs) have been started, commencing from the current academic session;

(b) if so, the details thereof, including the status of their venues, the number of students under general and reserved categories admitted *vis-a-vis* seats offered and faculties recruited in each and the courses offered in respective IITs;

(c) the standard norms of faculty student ratio prescribed, if any, for the IITs and the ratio actually prevailing in the IITs, including in those newly set up; and

(d) the details of funds approved and allocated to each IIT, old and new, for the current financial year?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI D. PURANDESWARI): (a) and (b) Out of eight new Indian Institutes of Technology (IITs) set up in Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Orissa, Punjab and Rajasthan, B. Tech. courses have been started from academic session 2008-09 in all except in Madhya Pradesh and Himachal Pradesh. A statement showing the venue of classes and number of students admitted under General and Reserved categories is enclosed (*See* below). During the first three years of operation, each Institute has been approved to hire/recruit faculty @30 per academic year for a period of first three years.

(c) As per meeting of SCIC dated 05.03.2005, the teacher-student ratio in the Indian Institutes of Technology (IITs) was being taken as 1:9. This ratio was revised subsequent to receipt of communication dated 19.03.2008, from Ministry of Finance, Department of Expenditure which delegated the powers of creation of faculty posts in IITs to Ministry of Human Resource Development subject to the norm of faculty students ratio as 1:10. The faculty positions in IITs are as under:

IIT	Number of Posts		
	Sanctioned	In position	Vacant
Delhi	556	403	153
Bombay	550	434	116
Madras	511	410	101
Kanpur	406	315	91
Kharagpur	726	524	202
Guwahati	230	214	16
Roorkee	575	377	198

(d) An amount of Rs. 525.00 crores has been provided in BE 2008-09 under non-plan budget of existing IITs.

An amount of Rs. 1171.00 crores has been provided in BE 2008-09 to the existing IITs and an amount of Rs. 50.00 crores to the new IITs, under Plan budget. However, allocation for individual IITs would depend on the physical and financial progress of their Plan activities and availability of funds, etc.

Statement

Number of students allotted under General and Reserved categories

IIT Zone	Venue of classes	GE available	OB available	SC available	ST available	PD available	Total available	GE allotted	OB allotted	SC allotted	ST allotted	Other allotted	PD allotted	Total allotted
Bhubaneshwar	IIT, Kharagpur	60	33	18	9	(3)	120	60	33	11	0	0	(0)	104
Gandhinagar	Vishwakarma Government Engineering College, Chandkheda, Ahmedabad	60	33	18	9	(3)	120	60	33	10	0	0	(0)	103
Hyderabad	Ordnance Factory, Medak, Hyderabad	60	33	18	9	(3)	120	60	33	18	5	0	(0)	116
Patna	Navin Government Polytechnic, Pataliputra Colony, Patna	60	33	18	9	(3)	120	60	33	16	0	0	(0)	109
Punjab	IIT, Delhi	60	33	18	9	(3)	120	60	33	16	1	0	(0)	110
Rajasthan	IIT, Kanpur	60	33	18	9	(3)	120	60	33	18	1	0	(0)	112
	Total	360	198	108	54	(18)	720	360	198	89	7	0	(0)	654